

量子力学3まとめレポート 7/3分
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Wigner - Eckert Theorem ウィグナー・エカートの定理

量子力学ではエネルギーなどの物理量も遷移確率で表わされる。

$\langle \psi | \tilde{\star} | \psi \rangle = \underbrace{AB}_{\substack{\downarrow \\ \text{物の個性}}} \rightarrow \text{構造(対称性)} \rightarrow \text{表わされる。}$

$\langle jm | T_g^{(k)} | jm' \rangle = ?$ について議論する。

公式

$$|j m \pm 1\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\hbar(\ell_j \mp m)(\ell_j \mp m + 1)}} J_z |jm\rangle$$

既約テンソル演算子に限って行列要素を考えるので、

$$[J_z, T_g^{(k)}] = \hbar g T_g^{(k)}$$

$$[J_z, T_g^{(k)}] = \hbar \sqrt{(\ell_g \mp g)(\ell_g \mp g + 1)} T_g^{(k+1)}$$

$$\begin{aligned} |jm\rangle &\in \sum_{\ell_1 m_2} T_{\ell_1}^{(k)} |\ell_2 m_2\rangle \langle \ell_1 g_1 \ell_2 m_2 | jm \rangle \\ &\quad \Leftarrow |\Omega_{g_1 m_2}^{\ell_1 \ell_2}\rangle \\ &= \sum_{\ell_1 m_2} |\Omega_{g_1 m_2}^{\ell_1 \ell_2}\rangle \langle \ell_1 g_1 \ell_2 m_2 | jm \rangle \end{aligned}$$

$$\vec{J} |\Omega_{g_1 m_2}^{\ell_1 \ell_2}\rangle = \vec{J} T_{g_1}^{(k)} |\ell_2 m_2\rangle = [\vec{J}, T_{g_1}^{(k)}] |\ell_2 m_2\rangle + T_{g_1}^{(k)} \vec{J} |\ell_2 m_2\rangle$$

$$\begin{aligned} J_z |\Omega_{g_1 m_2}^{\ell_1 \ell_2}\rangle &= \hbar g_1 T_{g_1}^{(k)} |\ell_2 m_2\rangle + T_{g_2}^{(k)} (\hbar m_2) |\ell_2 m_2\rangle \\ &= \hbar (g_1 + m_2) T_{g_1}^{(k)} |\ell_2 m_2\rangle \\ &= \hbar (g_1 + m_2) |\Omega_{g_1 m_2}^{\ell_1 \ell_2}\rangle \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} J_z |\Omega_{g_1 m_2}^{\ell_1 \ell_2}\rangle &= \hbar \sqrt{(\ell_1 \mp g_1)(\ell_1 \mp g_1 + 1)} T_{g_1 \pm 1}^{(k)} |\ell_2 m_2\rangle + \hbar \sqrt{(\ell_2 \mp m_2)(\ell_2 \mp m_2 + 1)} T_{g_1}^{(k)} |\ell_2 m_2 \pm 1\rangle \\ &= \hbar \sqrt{(\ell_1 \mp g_1)(\ell_1 \mp g_1 + 1)} |\Omega_{g_1 \pm 1 m_2}^{\ell_1 \ell_2}\rangle + \hbar \sqrt{(\ell_2 \mp m_2)(\ell_2 \mp m_2 + 1)} |\Omega_{g_1 m_2 \pm 1}^{\ell_1 \ell_2}\rangle \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} J_z |jm\rangle' &= \sum_{\ell_1 m_2} \hbar (g_1 + m_2) |\Omega_{g_1 m_2}^{\ell_1 \ell_2}\rangle \langle \ell_1 g_1 \ell_2 m_2 | jm \rangle \quad g_1 + m_2 = m \\ &= \hbar m \sum_{\ell_1 m_2} |\Omega_{g_1 m_2}^{\ell_1 \ell_2}\rangle \langle \ell_1 g_1 \ell_2 m_2 | jm \rangle \\ &= \hbar m |jm\rangle' \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
J_{\pm} |j'm\rangle' &= \sum_{\substack{\delta_1 m_2 \\ (\delta_1 - \delta_1' = \pm 1)}} \left[\frac{\hbar}{\sqrt{(k_1 + \delta_1)(k_1 + \delta_1 + 1)}} T_{\delta_1 \mp 1}^{(k_1)} |j_2 m_2\rangle \langle k_1 \delta_1, j_2 m_2 | j'm \rangle \right. \\
&\quad \left. + \frac{\hbar}{\sqrt{(j_2 + m_2)(j_2 + m_2 + 1)}} T_{\delta_1}^{(k_1)} |j_2 m_2 \pm 1\rangle \langle k_1 \delta_1, j_2 m_2 | j'm \rangle \right] \\
&\quad (m_2 = m_2' \mp 1 \text{ かつ } (j_2 \mp (m_2' \mp 1))(j_2 \mp (m_2 \mp 1) + 1) = (j_2 \mp m_2 + 1)(j_2 \mp m_2)) \\
&= (j_2 \mp m_2 + 1)(j_2 \mp m_2)
\end{aligned}$$

$(\delta_1 \rightarrow \delta_1', m_2' \rightarrow m_2 \text{ と書く直し})$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \sum_{\substack{\delta_1 m_2 \\ (\delta_1 - \delta_1' = \pm 1)}} \left[\frac{\hbar}{\sqrt{(k_1 + \delta_1 + 1)(k_1 + \delta_1)}} T_{\delta_1}^{(k_1)} |j_2 m_2\rangle \langle k_1 \delta_1 \mp 1, j_2 m_2 | j'm \rangle \right. \\
&\quad \left. + \frac{\hbar}{\sqrt{(j_2 + m_2 + 1)(j_2 + m_2)}} T_{\delta_1}^{(k_1)} |j_2 m_2\rangle \langle k_1 \delta_1, j_2 m_2 \mp 1 | j'm \rangle \right]
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
(J_{1\mp} |k_1 \delta_1\rangle = \frac{\hbar}{\sqrt{(k_1 + \delta_1 + 1)(k_1 + \delta_1)}} |k_1 \delta_1 \mp 1\rangle) \\
(\text{エルミート共役} \rightarrow \langle k_1 \delta_1 | J_{1\mp} = \frac{\hbar}{\sqrt{(k_1 + \delta_1 + 1)(k_1 + \delta_1)}} \langle k_1 \delta_1 \mp 1 |) \\
&= \sum_{\substack{\delta_1 m_2 \\ (\delta_1 - \delta_1' = \pm 1)}} \left[T_{\delta_1}^{(k_1)} |j_2 m_2\rangle \langle k_1 \delta_1, j_2 m_2 | (J_{1\mp} + J_{2\mp}) | j'm \rangle \right] \\
&= \sum_{\substack{\delta_1 m_2 \\ (\delta_1 - \delta_1' = \pm 1)}} T_{\delta_1}^{(k_1)} |j_2 m_2\rangle \langle k_1 \delta_1, j_2 m_2 | J_{\pm} | j'm \rangle \\
&= \frac{\hbar}{\sqrt{(j_2 + m_2 + 1)(j_2 + m_2)}} \sum_{\substack{\delta_1 m_2 \\ (\delta_1 - \delta_1' = \pm 1)}} T_{\delta_1}^{(k_1)} |j_2 m_2\rangle \langle k_1 \delta_1, j_2 m_2 | j'm \pm 1 \rangle \\
&= \frac{\hbar}{\sqrt{(j_2 + m_2 + 1)(j_2 + m_2)}} | j'm \pm 1 \rangle
\end{aligned}$$

従って、 $|j'm'\rangle \propto |j'm\rangle$ が導かれた。

今までとは逆の議論において、

$$\begin{aligned}
|j'm'\rangle &= \sum |j'm|\Omega_{\delta_1 m_2}^{\frac{k_1}{\hbar}, \frac{j_2}{\hbar}} \langle k_1 \delta_1, j_2 m_2 | j'm \rangle \\
\sum_m |j'm\rangle \langle j'm | k_1 \delta_1', j_2 m_2' \rangle &= \sum_{\substack{\delta_1 m_2 \\ (\delta_1 - \delta_1' = \pm 1)}} |j'm|\Omega_{\delta_1 m_2}^{\frac{k_1}{\hbar}, \frac{j_2}{\hbar}} - |j'm|\Omega_{\delta_1 m_2}^{\frac{k_1}{\hbar}, \frac{j_2}{\hbar}} \\
(\because \sum_m \langle k_1 \delta_1, j_2 m_2 | j'm \rangle \langle j'm | k_1 \delta_1', j_2 m_2' \rangle = \delta_{\delta_1 \delta_1'} \delta_{m_2 m_2'}) \\
&= \delta_{\delta_1 \delta_1'} \delta_{m_2 m_2'}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore |\Omega_{\delta_1 m_2}^{\frac{k_1}{\hbar}, \frac{j_2}{\hbar}}\rangle = \sum |j'm'\rangle \langle j'm | k_1 \delta_1, j_2 m_2 \rangle$$

以上で準備が整ったので、本題へと移る。

$$\begin{aligned}
\langle j'm | \Omega_{\delta_1 m_2}^{\frac{k_1}{\hbar}, \frac{j_2}{\hbar}} \rangle &= \langle j'm | T_{\delta_1}^{(k_1)} | j_2 m_2 \rangle \\
&= \sum_{m'} \langle j'm | j'm' \rangle' \langle j'm' | k_1 \delta_1, j_2 m_2 \rangle \\
&\quad \delta_{mm'} \langle j'm | j'm' \rangle, |j'm'\rangle \propto |j'm\rangle \\
&= \langle j'm | j'm' \rangle' \langle j'm' | k_1 \delta_1, j_2 m_2 \rangle
\end{aligned}$$

$$\langle j_m | j_m \rangle : m \text{ は定数}.$$

$$\begin{aligned}\langle j_{m-1} | j_{m-1} \rangle &= \langle j_{m-1} | \frac{1}{\sqrt{(j+m)(j-m+1)}} J_- | j_m \rangle \\ &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{(j+m)(j-m+1)}} (J_+ | j_{m-1} \rangle)^{\dagger} | j_m \rangle \\ &= (| j_m \rangle)^{\dagger} | j_m \rangle = \langle j_m | j_m \rangle.\end{aligned}$$

$$\langle j_m | j_m \rangle \equiv \frac{\langle j | T_{g_1}^{(k_1)} | j \rangle}{\sqrt{2j+1}} \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{還元行列要素} (m \text{ は定数}) \\ \text{reduced matrix element} \end{array}$$

$$\langle j_m | T_{g_1}^{(k_1)} | j_2 m_2 \rangle = \frac{\langle j | T_{g_1}^{(k_1)} | j_2 \rangle}{\sqrt{2j+1}} \langle j_m | k_1 g_1 j_2 m_2 \rangle \quad \text{CG係数.}$$

↳ 個性表現.

: Wigner - Eckert の定理

$$\langle j_m | \mathcal{O} | j_m' \rangle = 0 \quad \begin{cases} j + j' & \text{if } \mathcal{O} \text{ is scalar} \\ j - i = \pm 1, 0 & \text{if } \mathcal{O} \text{ is vector} \end{cases}$$